

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

(GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519)

Product name: P-2 Slow Drying Thinner
Revised date: Nov 30, 2020
Initial issue date: Sep 24, 2010

MSDS No.: MS-QYPC-T002
Version No.: 4.04

SECTION 1 Product and company identification

Product name: P-2 Slow Drying Thinner
Manufacturer: YATU Advanced Materials Co., LTD.
Address: Sanlian Industrial Area 2, Gulao, Heshan, Guangdong, China
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E-mail: yatu@yatupaint.cn Postcode: 529738
Enterprise Emergency contact number: 0750-8773397
National Emergency contact number: 0532-83889090
Product usage: Topcoat for automotive refinishing. Professional use only.

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Emergency Outline:

Viscous flammable liquid and vapor with slight odor. Its vapor forms explosive mixtures when meets air. May cause combustion and explosion when meets with open flames and high heat. Easy to generate and accumulate static electricity. Fast flow velocity. It may cause eye, nose and throat irritation. May cause central nervous system depression if inhaled.

GHS hazards categories:

| | | |
|--|-------------|--|
| Flammable liquids | Category 3 | H226-flammable liquid and vapor |
| Acute toxicity (skin) | Category 4 | H312-harmful in contact with skin |
| Acute toxicity (inhalation) | Category 4 | H332-harmful if inhaled |
| Skin irritation | Category 2 | H315-causes skin irritation |
| Eye irritation | Category 2A | H319-causes serious eye irritation |
| Reproduction toxicity | Category 2 | H361-suspected injury to fertility or fetus |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) | Category 3 | H336-maycause respiratory irritation |
| Acute hazard to the aquatic environment | Category 3 | H402-very toxic to aquatic life |
| Long-term aquatic hazard | Category 3 | H412-harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects |

Label elements:

Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Warning

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

- | | |
|------|--|
| P233 | Keep container tightly closed. |
| P235 | Keep cool. |
| P240 | Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Use non-sparking tools. |
| P243 | Take action to prevent static discharges. |
| P241 | Use explosive-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting...] equipment. |
| P280 | Wear protective glove/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection |
| P261 | Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapor/spray. |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment. |

Response to accidents:

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| P312 | Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...if you feel unwell. |
| P304+P340 | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P337+P313 | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P303+P361+P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with soap water. If irritation gets worse (redness, rash, blister), get medical attention immediately. |
| P332+P313 | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P370+P378 | In case of fire: Use dry powder, foam or carbon dioxide to extinguish. |
| P391 | Collect spillage. |

Safe storage:

- | | |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| P403+P235 | Store in a well-ventilated place. |
| P405 | Store locked up. |

Disposal:

- | | |
|------|-------------------------------|
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container |
|------|-------------------------------|

Physical and chemical hazards:

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Health hazards:

It is hazardous if inhaled or on skin. It causes skin irritation and severe eye irritation, and it may cause respiration tract irritation.

Environmental hazards:

It is hazardous to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

Substance /mixture: mixture

product ingredient:

| Chemical Name | % | CAS Number |
|------------------|-------|------------|
| Xylene | 25-35 | 1330-20-7 |
| Butyl acetate | 15-25 | 123-86-4 |
| PMA | 10-20 | 108-65-6 |
| Trimethylbenzene | 10-15 | 108-67-8 |
| Cyclohexanone | 5-10 | 108-94-1 |
| BCS | 5-10 | 111-76-2 |

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures:

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin thoroughly with soap water. If irritation gets worse (redness, rash, blister), get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart. Seek immediate medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: The rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus before enter accident scene.

Notes to physician: The harmful ingredients are displayed in section 3 and 11.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media:

Use dry chemical, sand, foam or CO₂ extinguishers. Do not use water jet directly.

Special hazards:

Flammable liquid and vapor. Its vapor forms explosive mixtures when meets air. May cause combustion and explosion when meets with open flames and high heat. Fast flow velocity. Easy to generate and accumulate static electricity.

Special firefighting procedure and advice for protection:

Remove and process liquids from fire area in case of environment pollution. Fire-fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and stand on upwind area for firefighting.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Be stored in well-ventilated place and keep away from ignition sources.

Ensure all devices are grounded while they are working.

Emergency responders should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus during clean-up.

Follow the safety regulations.

Environmental precaution:

Avoid discharge into drains and water pipes. Inform the relevant authorities if there are pollutions entering into the rivers, lakes or waterways.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Small spills: Absorb with activated carbon or other inert material or wash out with lotion made by incombustible dispersant. After diluting, place it in an appropriate waste disposal container.

Large spills: Dike the spilled material and confine the sewers, where this is possible. Cover with foam to prevent evaporation. Collect and transfer spillage with explosive-proof pump, and place in tank trucks or containers for later recycle or disposal.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

The operator should wear antistatic clothing and shoes and put on rubber oil-resistant gloves.

Workplace should be partial or comprehensive ventilated.

Use explosion-proof ventilation and equipment.

Filling speed should be controlled.

Grounding device is needed to prevent static accumulation.

Loading and unloading should be careful in order to prevent the damage of package and container.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin. Do not breathe mist or vapor.

Eating, drinking and smoking are prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Conditions for safe storage, including any compatibility:

Store in a cool and well-ventilated warehouse.

Keep away from heat, direct sunlight or any source of ignition. Storage temperature: 0-35°C. Stored in a tightly closed container. Separate from oxidizing materials.

Use explosive lightning and ventilation devices with the switch outside the warehouse. Equipped with corresponding firefighting equipment with certain quality and quantity.

Barrel stacking should not be too large because it must keep a certain distance with wall, ceiling, column and fire inspection walkway.

Use only non-sparking tools and devices.

The storage area should be provided with a leak emergency operation device and appropriate containers.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits:

| Ingredient Name | Maximum Allowable Concentration | Standard |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Xylene | PC-STEL: 100mg/m ³ ; PC-TWA: 50mg/m ³ STEL: 150ppm; TWA: 100ppm | GBZ 2.1 OEL (China) ACGIH TLV (USA) |
| Butyl acetate | PC-STEL: 300mg/m ³ ; PC-TWA: 200mg/m ³ STEL: 200ppm; TWA: 150ppm | GBZ 2.1 OEL (China) ACGIH TLV (USA) |

| | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| PMA | STEL: 150ppm; TWA: 100ppm | ACGIH TLV (USA) |
| Trimethylbenzene | TWA: 25ppm | ACGIH TLV (USA) |
| Cyclohexanone | PC-TWA: 50mg/m ³ TWA: 25ppm | GBZ 2.1 OEL (China) ACGIH TLV (USA) |
| BCS | STEL: 37.5ppm; TWA: 25ppm | ACGIH TLV (USA) |

Methods of monitoring:

Method for determination of toxic substances in the air of workplace: Solvent Analysis-gas chromatography in GBZ/T 160.42, thermal desorption-gas chromatography, non-pump sampling -gas chromatography.

Engineering controls:

As a flammable liquid, separated workplace is needed. The operation should be done in a closed place, in order to prevent vapor leaking in the air. Promote ventilation and maintain the airborne concentrations below the occupation exposure limits. Set up automatic alarm and accidental ventilation equipment. Emergency exits and risk-elimination areas are necessary. Set up communication alarm system. Red zone warning line, warning signs and Chinese warning instructions are needed.

Personal protective equipment:

Respiration protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable), a self-absorption filter mask (half mask) must be worn. When emergency rescue or evacuation occurs, workers should wear air respirator or oxygen breathing apparatus.

Eye protection: Wear safety goggles with side shields.

Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Hand protection: Wear rubber oil-resistant gloves.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance and character: Transparent mucus.

Boiling point (°C): >35

Flash point (°C): 27(closed cup)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:

Flammability limit – lower (%): no data

Flammability limit – upper (%): no data

Viscosity (-4 cup, second/30 °C):5-15

VOC (g/L): 815-865

Relative density (assume water as 1): 0.87

Solubility: Hardly soluble in water

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid static electricity, high heat, open flames.

Incompatible materials: Strong acids, strong oxidizing agents, and strong alkali.

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known under the condition of normal use.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity:

| Ingredient Name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| Xylene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300mg/kg | - |
| Butyl acetate | LC50 Vapor Inhalation | Rat | 390ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | > 17600mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10768mg/kg | - |
| PMA | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | > 5000mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8532mg/kg | - |
| Trimethylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5000mg/kg | - |
| Cyclohexanone | LC50 Vapor Inhalation | Rat | 8000ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 2170mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1400mg/kg | - |
| BCS | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2500mg/kg | - |

Irritation/corrosion:

| Ingredient Name | Exposure Pathway | Result | Species | Dose/Time | Observation |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| Xylene | Eye | Mild irritant | Rabbit | 87mg | - |
| | Eye | Severe irritant | Rabbit | 5mg/24h | - |
| | Skin | Mild irritant | Rat | 60µL/8h | - |
| | Skin | Moderate irritant | Rabbit | 500mg/24h | - |
| | Skin | Moderate irritant | Rabbit | 100% | - |
| Butyl acetate | Eye | Moderate irritant | Rabbit | 100mg | - |
| | Skin | Moderate irritant | Rabbit | 500mg/24h | - |
| Trimethylbenzene | Eye | Mild irritant | Rabbit | 500mg/24h | - |
| | Skin | Moderate irritant | Rabbit | 20mg/24h | - |
| Cyclohexanone | Eye | Severe irritant | Rabbit | 20mg | - |
| | Eye | Severe irritant | Rabbit | 250µg/24h | - |
| | Skin | Mild irritant | Rabbit | 500mg | - |

Reproductive toxicity:

Butyl acetate: Rat inhaled a minimum toxic concentration (TCL₀) of 1500ppm/7h (7-16 days of gestation), which cause toxic effect and abnormal skeletal development.

Xylene: Rat inhaled a minimum toxic concentration (TDL₀) of 200ppm/6h (4-20 days of gestation), which resulting in abnormal skeletal development and neonatal behavior.

Cyclohexanone: Rat inhaled a minimum toxic concentration (TCL₀) of 105ppm/m³/4h (1-20 days of gestation), which resulting in preimplantation mortality increase.

BCS: Rat inhaled a minimum toxic concentration (TCL₀) of 600mg/kg (10-12 days of gestation), which resulting in embryotoxicity (such as embryonic retardation), abnormal skeletal muscle development and abnormal cardiovascular (circulatory) system development.

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure:

Butyl acetate: It affects central nervous system and may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Trimethylbenzene: It affects respiratory system, may cause respiratory tract irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure:

No information available.

Aspiration hazards:

May cause nasal and throat irritation. It may cause neurasthenia. The typical symptoms are: headache, drowsiness, nausea, teetering, confusion of consciousness, and unconsciousness.

Ingestion hazard: It may cause gastrointestinal discomfort.

Contact hazards:

It may cause eye irritation or burns, even skin irritation with repeated or long-term contact. Discomfort and dermatitis may occur as well.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Ecological toxicity:

| Ingredient Name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Xylene | Acute LC50 8500µg/L seawater | Crustacean- Palaemonetes pugio | 48hours |
| | Acute LC50 13400µg/L freshwater | Fish- Pimephales promelas | 96hours |
| Butyl acetate | Acute LC50 32000µg/L seawater | Crustacean- Artemiasalina | 48hours |
| | Acute LC50 62000µg/L | Fish- Daniorerio | 96hours |
| Trimethylbenzene | Acute LC50 13000µg/L seawater | Crustacean- Cancer magister | 48hours |
| | Acute LC50 12520-15050µg/L freshwater | Fish- Carassius auratus | 96hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 400µg/L freshwater | Daphnia -Daphnia magna | 21days |
| Cyclohexanone | Acute LC50 527000µg/L freshwater | Fish- Pimephales promelas | 96hours |
| | Acute EC50 20000µg/L freshwater | Algae- Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96hours |
| | Acute EC50 820000µg/L freshwater | Daphnia -Daphnia magna | 48hours |

Persistence and degradability: Not available

Bio-accumulative potential: Not available

Mobility in soil: Not available

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Chemical waste treatment methods:

Recommend the treatment method of transferring waste into energy if possible. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Discharging the product into the sewage is prohibited.

Contaminated package treatment methods:

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not, disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional laws and regulations.

Notes for disposal:

The applicable regional, national regulations should be read before disposal.

SECTION 14 Transport information

UN number: UN 1263

UN proper shipping name: Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class (es): 3

Danger Pictograms:



Packing group: III

Package label: Flammable liquid

Marine pollutant substances: Not applicable

International shipping regulations:

United States Department of transportation: 49CFR rating: 3 (flammable liquid and vapor).

Marine, IMDG rating: 3 (flammable liquid and vapor).

Shipping, IATA rating: 3 (flammable liquid and vapor).

Notes for transport:

The transportation vehicles shall be equipped with corresponding firefighting equipment and emergency treatment devices.

All transporting trucks should have grounded devices.

It cannot be transported with oxidant and food chemicals.

Transportation should prevent insolation, rain, and high temperature. Morning and evening transport are recommended.

Stay away from fire, heat, high temperature zone when stopover.

The vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with a fire-retardant device and use only non-sparking machines and tools for loading and unloading.

Drivers should follow the driven routes. Do not stay in residential areas and densely populated areas. Do not use wooden, cement ships for bulk transportation because it will pollute the ocean if it leaks.

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Applicable laws and regulations:

Safe Production Law of the People's Republic of China

Code of Occupational Disease Prevention of PRC

Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China

Laws of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution

Marine Environment Protection Law of the People's Republic of China

Law of the People's Republic of China on the prevention and control of environmental pollution by solid wastes

Fire Control Law of the People's Republic of China

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous chemicals

Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace (part 1: chemical hazardous agents) (GBZ 2.1)

Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace (part 2: Physical Agents) (GBZ 2.2)

General Rules for Chemical Classification and Risk Disclosure (GB 13690)

National Hazardous Waste List

General Rules for Storage of Dangerous Chemicals (GB 15603)
List of Dangerous Goods (GB 12268)
Classification and Code of Dangerous Goods (GB 6944)
Labels for Packages of Dangerous Goods (GB 190)

SECTION 16 Other information

Key to abbreviations:

MAC --Maximum Allowable Concentration: refers to the concentration of toxic chemicals that should not exceed at any time during a working day in the workplace.

PC-TWA -- Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average: refers to the average level of allowable contact in the stated working day of 8 hours.

PC-STEL ---Permissible Concentration- Short Term Exposure Limit: refer to the time weighted average for any allowable contact less than 15 minutes within 8 hours.

ACGIH TWA--- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists- Time weighted average

ACGIH STEL--- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists- Short Term Exposure Limit

LD₅₀: It refers to lethal dose with oral and dermal exposure. In statistics, it is expected to cause 50% individual deaths in a group of subjects.

LC₅₀: It refers to lethal concentration with respiration inhalation. In statistics, it is expected to cause 50% individual deaths in a group of subjects.

EC₅₀: It refers to the concentration that can cause the 50% of maximal effect.

References:

1. Zhou Guotai, *Hazardous chemicals safety technology*, Chemical Industry Press, 1997.
2. State Environmental Protection Administration of toxic chemicals management &the Beijing Institute of chemical research, *Handbook of Environmental Data for Environmental Regulations*, China Environmental Science Press, 1992.
3. Cheng nenglin, *Solvent Handbook*, Chemical Industry Press, 1994.
4. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety. CHEMINFO Database, 1989.

Disclaimer:

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